He’s not “just a late talker”.

CHILDHOOD APRAXIA OF SPEECH is a rare but severe motor speech disorder.

Children with apraxia have difficulty speaking because their brains cannot plan and coordinate the movements needed for speech.

Apraxia can make it difficult for a child to develop strong literacy skills, interact in social situations, engage in physical activities and perform well at school.

Childhood apraxia of speech occurs in less than 1% of children.

EARLY INTERVENTION IS KEY. SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGISTS CAN HELP.

Apraxia does not go away on its own. Children with apraxia require intensive therapy with a speech-language pathologist.

Find a speech-language pathologist near you at communicationhealth.ca